IN THE CLAIMS

- 1-17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 20.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 18, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 25.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of systemic infections in humans or vertebrates comprising:

administering to humans or vertebrates having a systemic an infection caused by an invasion of the blood stream or lymph by Listeria or a pathogen selected from the group consisting of Clostridia, Bacteroides, Listeria, Candida and Salmonella, a dietary fiber a composition comprising consisting essentially of:

an effective amount of inulin as a sole pharmaceutically active ingredient and/or oligofructose to treat said infection; and

one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, wherein the composition is administered orally or through tube feeding.

- 21-22. (Canceled).
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 20, wherein the human or vertebrate is an adult human and the amount of inulin administered to the adult human ranges from 5 to 40 g/day.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 20, wherein the human or vertebrate is an adult human and the amount of inulin administered to the adult human ranges from 5 to 25 g/day.

25-26. (Canceled).

27. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of an infection occupying the lymph or blood in humans or vertebrates comprising:

administering[[,]] to humans or vertebrates having an infection caused by

Listeria or a pathogen selected from the group consisting of Clostridia,

Bacteroides, Listeria, Candida and Salmonella in the lymph or blood, a dietary

fiber composition comprising consisting essentially of:

an effective amount of inulin as a sole pharmaceutically active ingredient and/or oligofructose to treat said infection; and

one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, wherein the composition is administered orally or through tube feeding. 28-29. (Canceled).

- 30. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 27, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 20.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 27, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 25.
 - 32. (Canceled).

- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 27, wherein the human or vertebrate is an adult human and the amount of inulin administered to the adult human ranges from 5 to 40 g/day.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 27, wherein the human or vertebrate is an adult human and the amount of inulin administered to the adult human ranges from 5 to 25 g/day.
 - 35-36. (Canceled).
- 37. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of systemic infections in humans or vertebrates, comprising:

administering[[,]] to humans of vertebrates having a systemic an infection caused by an invasion of the blood stream or lymph by Listeria or a pathogen selected from the group consisting of Clostridia, Bacteroides, Listeria, Candida and Salmonella, a functional food composition-comprising consisting of traditional nutrients and an effective amount of inulin as a sole pharmaceutically active ingredient, and/or oligofructose to treat said infection;

wherein the food composition is administered orally or through tube feeding.

- 38-40. (Canceled).
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 20, wherein the human or vertebrate is a vertebrate and wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 20.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim [[20]] $\underline{41}$, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 25.

- 43. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 27, wherein the human or vertebrate is a vertebrate and wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 20.
- 44. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim [[27]] $\underline{43}$, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 25.
- 45. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 37, wherein the human or vertebrate is a vertebrate and wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 20.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 37, wherein the inulin is chicory inulin with an average degree of polymerization $\overline{(DP)}$ of at least 25.
- 47. (New) The method of Claim 20, wherein said composition consists essentially of an effective amount of oligofructose.
- 48. (New) The method of Claim 27, wherein said composition consists essentially of an effective amount of oligofructose.
- 49. (New) The method of Claim 37, wherein said food composition consists of traditional nutrients and an effective amount of oligofructose.
- 50. (New) The method of Claim 37, wherein the human or vertebrate is an adult human and the amount of inulin administered to the adult human ranges from 5 to 40 g/day.